

# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXII.

ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 17, 1890.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

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5c. This is  
Henrietta

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GA., November 15.  
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Rainfall.  
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TIONATIONS.

Rainfall.

Wind.  
Velocity.  
Rainfall.

## THERE WERE TWO BOBS AND ONE GOT THE OTHER'S POSITION.

## AN ATLANTA PAIR OF DROMIOS

Two Young Men, of the Same Name, Pass  
Master Before the Commission—An App-  
ointment and a Comedy of Errors.

WASHINGTON, November 16.—[Special.]—A  
small comedy of errors is in progress here, at  
the two Dromios being residents of At-  
lanta, Ga., each named Robert E. Wilson.  
One of them took the regular civil service  
department examination, and the other took  
the postoffice examination. One succeeded  
in passing the departmental man well, the  
other not so well. After a time the departmental  
Wilson's name was found to be at the  
top of the eligible list, and he was assigned to a  
\$1,000 job in the records and pensions  
division of the war department. Unfortunately,  
the only address listed on his papers  
was Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia. To  
this address was sent the notification to come  
up and get the prize he had drawn. The  
other Robert E. Wilson, known as the  
postoffice examination, was better known, because he  
had been employed in the Atlanta postoffice,  
so the letter was delivered to him. He at  
once, without looking too closely at the gift  
the gods had sent him, accepted the proffered  
position. A straightway shook the dust of  
1889 off his feet in a hurry. He was  
promptly sworn in and accorded a desk. That  
was about three weeks ago.

THE OTHER WILSON HEARD FROM.

Then the departmental Wilson got wind of  
what had happened and he wrote a plaintive  
mail to the civil service commission. An in-  
vestigation was at once started and the case  
was referred to the commission by Assistant  
Secretary of War Grant, for final adjudication.

The commission has decided that "Post-  
office" Wilson must let go his hold and give  
place to the rightful heir. That puts "Post-  
office" Wilson just where he was a month  
ago. The question now is: Is "Postoffice"  
Wilson due any salary? If the war depart-  
ment thinks he acted in good faith he will  
pay him; but if, on the other hand, he know-  
ingly accepted a position in the war depart-  
ment when fully aware that he was examined  
only for a clerical position in the postoffice,  
then he does not get a cent.

## THE LOST SATCHEL.

And the Two Stories Told About Its Recovery.

CHEGO, Nov. 16.—Yesterday as Messenger  
Austin, of the Prairie State National bank, re-  
turned from the postoffice, he discovered that a  
satchel containing several thousand dollars  
in currency and clearance checks for \$87,100,  
had been lost on the way to the postoffice.

The satchel was lost between the post-  
office and the bank. Messenger Austin became  
frantic and, rushing into the bank, told the  
officials of his loss. The police were immediately  
notified, and soon a dozen officers were out  
on the streets, searching for the missing  
satchel. An official of the bank jumped into  
a buggy and traversed the route that had been  
taken from the postoffice, but without finding  
the missing satchel.

A little boy who runs errands for Taylor  
furniture, who were furnishers of the  
satchel, was sent out to search for it. The  
boy carried the satchel to his employer's  
shop, where it was opened. When  
Taylor saw the rolls of greenbacks  
he nearly fainted. From the experts  
Taylor discovered its ownership. He hastened to  
the bank. When he walked into the bank  
with the satchel in his hand the clerks rushed  
at him as though he was a long lost brother.  
There was rejoicing all round, and Taylor was  
rewarded handsomely for his honesty. The  
boy who found the satchel was not forgotten  
by the bank people.

The above is practically the story as told by  
George Vanzandt, vice president of the bank.  
Another source, however, was said in  
one of the many stories from the press yesterday,  
it was stolen.

The vice president stated that the  
bank of England has earned the thanks of the  
postoffice and the bank. Messenger Austin became  
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Smith's FORGERS DISCOVERED:

Smith's forgers might have continued  
indefinitely if the stock clerk, W. A. Watson,  
had not discovered that the figures turned in  
by Smith on Saturday had been raised.

An investigation followed, and showed that  
Smith had purchased but seven shares instead  
of seventy, as appeared on the face of the  
certificate. This led to an overhauling of the  
books of the firm, and then all came to light.  
At a subsequent conference with his associ-  
ates Smith made a full confession, and then  
went to his home in Brooklyn, where he was  
arrested.

Smith is a prominent church man, and a  
member of several clubs. Knowing that ex-  
posure was inevitable, he sent his resignation  
to all clubs previous to his arrest.

The stocks which Smith brought were St.  
Paul preferred, Omaha preferred, Michigan  
Central, Lake Shore, Illinois Central, Cincin-  
nati and St. Louis preferred and St. Louis and  
San Francisco. Some of these were also de-  
posited on collateral with the Washington  
Trust Company and the American Loan and  
Trust Company. Smith's crime is forgery in  
the first degree, and, as he has confessed his  
guilt, he deserves a long prison sentence.  
All of Smith's forgeries are very gratifying.  
The German navy is now building vessels in  
Germany, he said, and he will be able to  
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## DIED OF HYDROPHOBIA

THE HORRIBLE SUFFERINGS OF CLARKE HILSMAN,

The Little Boy Who, with Several Men, Was Bitten by a Mad Dog Several Weeks Ago—A Sad Death.

ATHENS, Ga., November 16.—[Special.]—Clarke Hilsman, the young boy who was bitten by a mad dog several weeks since on the streets of Athens, is dead. He died this morning at 7 o'clock, at his home on Forsyth street, after lingering in agony for over twenty-four hours. Although the parents of the child were badly frightened, they did not anticipate any serious results and the young boy was going to school and apparently in the best of health. The boys called him "mad dog" at school and it preyed upon his mind until he became convinced that he would die and told his mother so.

Friday evening he was prostrated with nervousness and had severe pains in the head. His throat muscles were swelled and he had an antipathy to water. Drs. John G. Eldridge, W. B. Steeley, J. H. Goss and L. G. Dozier were called, and after consultation pronounced it to be a case of genuine hydrophobia.

TERRIBLE SUFFERING.—The little boy was beyond human power. The deadly rabies had spread through his entire system, and as the end was approaching his sufferings were horrible to behold. His limbs were constantly twitching and every moment nearly he was thrown into violent convulsions. Twice he raved so deliriously as to render it necessary to hold him in bed, and once he slashed through the open door. The physicians in attendance watched by him and rendered him every possible medical aid, but without avail. His agony increased as the early morning came, and even the physicians turned sick at the sight of his sufferings. They were somewhat skeptical on the subject of hydrophobia, but all combine in saying now that without doubt such a disease exists.

When the morning sun rose over the city light came to the little sufferer, and at the dawning of the day the death angel called him home.

Clarke Hilsman was a member of the Presbyterian Sunday school, and his funeral was preached this afternoon by Dr. C. W. Lane.

## THE OTHER PARTIES BITTEN.

Messrs. R. N. Sneed and C. L. Rowland were also bitten by the mad dog, although their wounds were not so bad as the little boy's. Mr. Rowland was bitten across the right hand in three small places, and Mr. Sneed on the wrist. They had their wounds at once cauterized, and as they were not very deep, the virus of the rabies may not have penetrated the system. Mr. Rowland left today for Augusta, where he will consult Dr. Doughty and will probably go on to New York and put himself under the Pasteur treatment. Mr. Sneed will leave tomorrow for New York. Their friends are very much excited over the death of the little boy, and fear that the others who were bitten will also show symptoms of rabies. The sad and awful death of the young boy has cast a gloom over the city.

## Democratic Jubilee in Athens.

ATHENS, Ga., November 16.—[Special.]—The democracy went wild in Athens last night. It was the largest and most enthusiastic torch-light procession ever held in the city. Over 2,000 people were in line, and all the houses along the route were brilliantly illuminated. At the Commandant hotel speeches were made to the crowd. The speakers were Messrs. George C. Thomas, T. P. Melt, T. W. Reed, R. B. Russell, H. C. Tuck, W. B. Burnett and others. The meeting was under the auspices of the Young Men's Democratic Club, and was presided over by Judge A. L. Mitchell, chairman of the democratic executive committee, who left an arm under the sofa of old Virginia as proof of his devotion to the party. He will deliver the address at the chapel on February 22 next, and will reflect great credit on himself and the society.

Alfred Boylston Selected.

ATHENS, Ga., November 16.—[Special.]—The Phi Kappas held their election yesterday for senatorial, and Mr. Albert Boylston, of Atlanta, was selected by a good majority. Mr. Boylston is a member of the Chi Phi, the Phi Kappa and one of the Gate City's ablest and most prominent representatives in college. He will deliver the address at the chapel on February 22 next, and will reflect great credit on himself and the society.

THE CHRISTIAN CONVENTION.

The State Missionary Convention Closes Its Work in Aworth.

AWORTH, Ga., November 16.—The state missionary convention of the Christian church, closed here Friday night its eleventh annual session.

The convention met at 9 o'clock a.m. Tuesday. The president, C. S. Blackwell, of Atlanta, had charge from the state, J. W. B. Smith of Macon, was elected to the chair, and in the absence of T. H. Blount, of Savannah, W. A. Chastain, of Brandon, was elected secretary pro tem. The programme was carried out as far as was consistent with the persons present and the work on hand, and the sessions have been profitable session.

Among the distinguished visitors were Prof. H. McDiarmid, of the Christian Standard, Cincinnati, O.; R. Maffett, corresponding secretary of the G. C. M. C., Cleveland, O., and S. M. Jefferson, of Kokomo, Ind. These brethren rendered valuable assistance in the work of education and in the earnest request of the same brethren. Mr. and Mrs. McDiarmid delivered two, two addresses, full of instruction, zeal and edification. The delegates enjoyed the warmest interest and the earnest resolution to do their best for the cause.

The convention is in session, but for now work than it has heretofore been. At the close of the session an interesting report was read by Mrs. A. C. Smith, secretary and treasurer of the educational board, Atlanta, Ga., which showed the grand work which will be done this year to come. Mr. M. Hart of Atlanta was elected president of the convention for the ensuing year, and a good work is expected. The convention will meet next year at Bishop on the Macon and Corinthian railroad. The final benediction was pronounced by N. W. Smith, the oldest preacher in Georgia.

## GEORGIA'S GOLD.

The investigation of an inquiring mind around Ellijay.

ELLIJAY, Ga., November 16.—[Special.]—My last letter was written from Grassy Hill, the site of the Piedmont Consolidated Gold Mining Company's mine. After the owners left I saw the boss—Mr. Summerour. He was tearing away the base of the hill with water, and through a joint of iron pipe, and said that he had cut out of that dirt 4,000 pennyweights of gold, some of which were owned by Leonard Rhine, master of the state grange. Several short speeches were made, and the resolutions were adopted by a rising vote. W. Gifford, of New York, presented resolutions relating to W. Armstrong, which were seconded by W. M. Holden, of the same state. A large number of speeches were made, and the resolutions were adopted by a standing vote. During the service several hymns were sung by the choir. After the singing the resolutions were discovered in the south.

I called at the "Lucky Eight" mine, in Gilmer county, and in the banks of the river, and found the mine partially suspended. Only two laborers were at work. They have a small three-stamp mill there to test the ore, but are going to put up a large mill. The ore is very fine and handsomely, but the vein is deep under the top of the river, and pumping will have to be resorted to, and to keep the mine open, and there is not sufficient force to carry off the debris. Hence, it will be much more expensive to work than the Grassy Hill mine, belonging to the Consolidated Gold Mining Company.

Ellijay is a growing town and will be a big place soon. The Marietta and North Georgia railroad is a great blessing to this section, and the passenger trains give good service.

## A Macon Agent.

MACON, Ga., November 16.—W. B. Cawthon, dealer in shoes, has assigned to J. W. Cawthon, cashier of the Exchange bank. Liabilities, \$27,000; assets, \$22,000. The Exchange bank is a preferred creditor for \$10,000, and there were other references to the amount of \$6,000.

## A TRUE BILL

FOUND AGAINST HALL & HIS AC-COMPLICES

For Conspiring Against the Life of Captain Forsyth—A Charity Fair to Raise Means to Build a Hospital.

MACON, Ga., November 16.—[Special.]—As was anticipated the grand jury has found a true bill against Hall and his gang.

Those implicated are Luther A. Hall, Wright and John Lancaster, Lem Birch, Jim Moore, Charles Clemmons, Andrew J. Renau and the negro Rich Lowry.

The announcement of the result of the grand jury's investigation caused no surprise or excitement, as it had been expected ever since it was made public that Birch had made a confession.

The jury came into the courtroom at 6:30 o'clock last night, and announced that a true bill had been found.

The bill stated that the above-mentioned men were guilty of conspiracy against the life of Captain J. C. Forsyth, who was subsequently foully murdered a short while ago.

The bill says the killing was done by the negro Rich Lowry, alias Herring, as he had been made public.

Herring or Lowry was hired to do the killing for the men, the consideration, it is stated, being about \$500.

It is said still more startling developments will soon be made known in connection with the trial.

There is much feeling here against Hall and his gang, and it is pretty generally believed that they have at last got themselves into a trap from which they cannot escape.

The details of the crime are terribly horrible. It is said that Birch's confession will be given to the public in a few days.

## TO BUILD THE HOSPITAL

Macon Will Have a Grand Charity Fair.

MACON, Ga., November 16.—[Special.]—There will be a grand charity fair in Macon during next month in a humane bazaar, a charity fair will surpass anything ever seen in Georgia. The fair is to be organized to raise funds for Macon's new \$50,000 hospital, which is to be built within the next few months.

The fair has been suggested, and the organizers are calling it a "charity fair."

It will probably be held in the first week to take action in the matter and to perfect arrangements for the bazaar.

An immense building will be erected and filled with articles and attractions of various kinds. The fair will probably be held from December 20 to January 1st. It is thought the bazaar will raise, at least, \$20,000 for the hospital.

## YOUNG MEN IN POLITICS

They Propose to Fill the Municipal Offices in Macon.

MACON, Ga., November 16.—[Special.]—A monster meeting of young democrats will be held tomorrow night.

Their purpose is to nominate a ticket for mayor and aldermen.

They propose to fill these offices from their own ranks, and say they will make the campaign red-hot. It is said they will not accept any one but a young man as a candidate.

Much interest is manifested in the meeting.

## The Huzzars' Fair.

AUGUSTA, Ga., November 16.—[Special.]—The Richmond Huzzars fair closed its first week last night. It is proving a great success and the managers are anxious to have the fair will continue this week. The Georgia railroad has offered to build King Cotton's float for the carnival association. The resources of the shops will be brought to bear to turn out a magnificent float, and it will probably cost between five hundred and a thousand dollars.

BURKE COUNTY'S RETURNS.

WAYNESBORO, Ga., November 16.—[Special.]—Burke county, being one of the counties in which a mistake was made in forwarding the election returns improperly, a new election return is now completed. Only one mail ballot was sent and will be secured. It will then be forwarded properly. For the past week Mr. H. Calhoun has been busily engaged in securing this new return.

"I'M NOT YOUR SON."

On the Verge of the Gallows a Criminal Denies His Identity.

The recent death in Canada of Mrs. Sterling, mother of Charles M. Sterling, who was executed at Youngstown, O., for the murder of the little boy, has clothed them selves in the livery of woe. I am informed by a lady that black is the most economical of all colors; first, because every other color goes well with it, and second, because it always is fashion, and gowns may, therefore, be worn out. This fashion of wearing it is, it would seem, confined to English and American women.

In mourning. In this country draped in the only fabric which is sacred to grief, and black cloths are not in themselves evidence of bereavement.

Bowden Litho is a pure, natural Lithia water.

The Fines on Earth.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad is the only line running Pullman's Perfect Safety Cars, and the cars are in the stations, sleeping and dining car service between Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Chicago, and is the only line running through Reclining Chair Cars between Cincinnati and Springfield, Ill., and Combination Chair and Sleeping Car Cincinnati to Peoria, Ill.

And the ONLY DIRECT LINE between Atlanta, Ga., and Toledo, Ohio, between Toledo, O., and the Lake Region and Canada.

The road is one of the oldest in the state of Ohio, and the only line entering Cincinnati over two railroads.

This is the road in getting out of the timber here and shipping it to the northern factories and let them return it to us in wagons. The company will likely attach handle machinery to its works and make all kinds of handles. We estimate that fifty hands or more will be employed in the barrel factory. You know we have a large number of the barrels and the only one of the barrels is the one which is being made.

We will make barrels, tubs, kegs, buckets and other vessels of that nature. This is the only fabric which is sacred to grief, and black cloths are not in themselves evidence of bereavement.

Women in Black.

From The New York Evening Telegram.

Have you ever noticed the number of women in New York who wear black in the street? I am a woman in the street, and when I see others, the other day, I have clothed them selves in the livery of woe. I am informed by a lady that black is the most economical of all colors; first, because every other color goes well with it, and second, because it always is fashion, and gowns may, therefore, be worn out. This fashion of wearing it is, it would seem, confined to English and American women.

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The recent death in Canada of Mrs. Sterling, mother of Charles M. Sterling, who was executed at Youngstown, O., for the murder of the little boy, has clothed them selves in the livery of woe. I am informed by a lady that black is the most economical of all colors; first, because every other color goes well with it, and second, because it always is fashion, and gowns may, therefore, be worn out. This fashion of wearing it is, it would seem, confined to English and American women.

In mourning. In this country draped in the only fabric which is sacred to grief, and black cloths are not in themselves evidence of bereavement.

Bowden Litho is a pure, natural Lithia water.

The Fines on Earth.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad is the only line running Pullman's Perfect Safety Cars, and the cars are in the stations, sleeping and dining car service between Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Chicago, and is the only line running through Reclining Chair Cars between Cincinnati and Springfield, Ill., and Combination Chair and Sleeping Car Cincinnati to Peoria, Ill.

And the ONLY DIRECT LINE between Atlanta, Ga., and Toledo, Ohio, between Toledo, O., and the Lake Region and Canada.

The road is one of the oldest in the state of Ohio, and the only line entering Cincinnati over two railroads.

This is the road in getting out of the timber here and shipping it to the northern factories and let them return it to us in wagons. The company will likely attach handle machinery to its works and make all kinds of handles. We estimate that fifty hands or more will be employed in the barrel factory. You know we have a large number of the barrels and the only one of the barrels is the one which is being made.

We will make barrels, tubs, kegs, buckets and other vessels of that nature. This is the only fabric which is sacred to grief, and black cloths are not in themselves evidence of bereavement.

Women in Black.

From The New York Evening Telegram.

Have you ever noticed the number of women in New York who wear black in the street? I am a woman in the street, and when I see others, the other day, I have clothed them selves in the livery of woe. I am informed by a lady that black is the most economical of all colors; first, because every other color goes well with it, and second, because it always is fashion, and gowns may, therefore, be worn out. This fashion of wearing it is, it would seem, confined to English and American women.

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</

**Head**

characterize that very  
the house. The foul  
and impure, or consump-  
tive, or chronic diseases  
are but little known.  
The treatment is to purify  
the blood. The powerful  
action of the blood expels  
diseases and sustains  
the body, and builds up  
the strength.

It was at that time that I could  
not afford to leave New York  
Shore, N. Y., without a  
catastrophic affection  
of chronic diseases, but  
I say I was  
going Hood's sarcasm  
at very highly,  
to take Hood's sarcasm  
buy any other.

**Hood**  
for \$5. Prepared  
well, Mass.  
the Doctor.

Input street one hundred  
and (10) interest in and  
the city of Atlanta  
land down below  
with all its furni-  
ture and now no  
tract or parcel of land  
of the city of Fulton  
at the center of the  
land building  
part of the build-  
and running  
street to the Georgia  
and sixty two  
feet wide, one  
of way two hundred  
filled with Loyd street  
and the Solomon  
along time of said  
of said street  
middle, said  
the Markman  
along the middle  
beginning on Loyd  
portion of land lots  
seventy five feet  
originally Henry, now  
individed interest in  
way, viz., containing  
part southwest corner of  
right-of-way of the  
Company back  
property, running  
a railroad right-of-  
way, one mile, or  
D. Collins, three  
one hundred and  
to the property of  
set aside, and more or less, to the  
house property  
these south  
sixty feet, or more  
feet, or less,  
the Georgia railroad

R. Gramling, for  
the purpose of dis-  
John R. Gramling,  
and one hundred  
per annum.

T.D. SPALDING,  
R. Gramling,  
Now 3-dm.

**Sale**

ON THE 15th  
November made November  
receiver of Wyls and  
to the highest  
in December, 1890,  
and persons prop-

so few on the  
the town of Dallas,  
lots 1 and 2 in block  
filled in from  
R. Greene, dated De-  
book S, page 307 of  
book for \$— per acre.

in land lot 35 in  
section of Fannin  
and one-half acre  
the way, said land  
from Lucy B. Webb,  
888, recorded  
on the 15th day of  
part land lot 12 in  
G., fronting  
and running back  
out of the way  
open survey. More  
B. Hoyt and Wil-  
February 18, 1890,  
certainly. Full

in a house and lot  
Truman Street, Al-  
verage in favor of  
\$500 and interest  
taxes for 1889 and  
property, to wit:

of every description  
Greene remaining in  
can be examined  
Bank building, At-  
held in front of the  
county during legal  
ber, 1890, and im-  
said place prop-  
sold for sale and  
placed thereon by  
the income of the  
description there-

J. T. TANNER,  
Wyls & Greene,

**S's Sale.**  
WITHIN THE  
first Tuesday in De-  
the courthouse door  
of the estate of  
to be sold at public  
order of court of said  
of ordinary of said

the north side of  
Atlanta, between  
street, and is the  
containing a half  
fore, W. B.  
RATE DALY,  
in Daly, deceased.

**SOLUTION**

ETC. EXIST-  
E. Williams is  
consent. Par-  
from, and to in-  
lement with D. E.  
and accounts due  
J. DUDLEY,  
E. WILLIAMS.

INTEREST IN  
the business, pur-  
chase, and to  
TO THE  
TRADE.

includes a specialty  
in Cigars, Cigars,  
Cigarettes, also  
Top, Flat Dutch  
dean, Cow Horn-  
is in the business  
field and Garden  
true to name  
eggs and  
squares, TERMS  
extra tops and

C. Beer-  
man for

**AMONG THE BEDOUINS**

DR. TALMAGE TELLS OF HIS RECENT JOURNEY

In Two Sermons in Brooklyn and New York—  
A Visit to Jacob's Well—Some of the Customs of Palestine.

BROOKLYN, November 16.—This morning in the Academy of Music in this city, and this evening at The Christian Herald service in the New York Academy of Music, Dr. Talmage preached the eighth of the series of sermons he is giving on his tour in Palestine. At both services the respective buildings were crowded to their utmost capacity in five minutes after the doors were opened, and all who came later were unable to get in. Dr. Talmage's sermon was "Among the Bedouins," and the text, Numbers x, 31: "Forasmuch as thou knowest how we are to encamp in the wilderness."

Night after night we have slept in tent in Palestine. There are large villages of Bedouins without a house, and for 3,000 years the people of those places have lived in black tents, made out of dyed skins, and when the winds and storms were out and tore loose those coverings, others of the same kind took their places. Noah lived in a tent. Abraham lived in a tent. Jacob pitched his tent in the valley. Lot pitched his tent toward Sodom. In a tent the woman Jael killed Sisera, the general, to the ground, first having given him our milk called "leben" as a soporific to make him soundly sleep, that being the effect of such nutrition, as modern travelers can testify. The Syrian army in a tent. The ancient Bedouin was, "To your tents, O Israel!" Paul was a tentmaker. Indeed, Isaiah, magnificently poetic, indicates that all the human race lived under a blue tent when he says that God "stretcheth out the heavens as a certain and spreadeth them out as a tent to dwell in." And Hezekiah compares death to the striking of a tent, saying "My age is removed from me as a shepherd's tent."

In our tent in Palestine tonight I hear something I never heard before and hope never to hear again. It is the voice of a hyena amid the rocks near by. When you may have seen this monster putting his mouth between the iron bars of a cage, he is a captive and gives a humiliated and suppressed cry. But yonder in the midnight darkness the rocks he has nothing to fear and he utters himself in a long sounding, terrific, almost supernormal sound, splitting in the darkness into a deep, midnight. It begins with a howl and ends with a sound something like a horse's whining. In the hyena's voice are death and strength and blood-thirstiness and crush of broken bones and death.

I am glad to say that, for the most part, Palestine is clear of beasts of prey. The leopards, which Jeremiah says cannot change their spots, have all disappeared, and the lions that once were common all through this land and used by all the prophets for illustrations of cruelty and wrath, have retreated before the discharges of gunpowder, of which they have an insatiable fear. But for the most part, Palestine is what it originally was. With the one exception of a wire thread reaching from Joppa to Jerusalem, and from Jerusalem to Nazareth, and from Nazareth to Tiberias, and from Tiberias to Damascus, that one nerve of civilization, the telegraphic wire (for we found ourselves only a few minutes off from Brooklyn and New York while standing by Lake Galilee)—with that one exception, Palestine is just as it always was.

Nothing surprised me so much as the per-  
sistence of everything. A sheep or horse falls dead and, though the sky may one minute be clear of all wings, in five minutes the skies are black with eagles cawing, croaking, plunging, fighting for room, con-  
ting, and the like, and the sky is again  
calm. Mount Gerizim, which was gathered in the force of Christ's illustration when He said: "Wheresoever the carcass is there will the vultures be gathered together." The longevity of those eagles is wonderful. They live fifty  
a sixty and sometimes hundred years. Ah, that is the secret of David's success. Six  
years ago, when I saw the old eagle's nest  
in the top of a tree, I said, "This youth is renewed like the eagle's." I  
saw the youth with the folds of his coat far  
outward, and I wondered what was con-  
cerned in that amplitude of apparel and I said to  
myself, "What has that neophyte got  
under his coat?" And I said, "It is a young lamb he is carrying." It is a very young lamb he is carrying, it is  
too young and too weak and too cold to keep  
up with the flock." At that moment I saw  
the lamb put its head out from the shepherd's  
bosom. I said, "There it is now, Isaiah's  
description of the tenderness of God—He  
shall gather the lambs with His arm and carry  
them in His bosom."

Passing by a village home, in the Holy Land, about noon, I saw a great crowd in and around a private house, and I said to the dragoon: "David, what is going on there?" "Ah, now I understand the force of  
the word 'neophyte' and their neighbors go in for several days after to sit down and weep with the bereaved." There it is, said the old scriptural custom: "And many of the Jews came to Marah and Marah to comfort them concerning their burial, that is, the interment of the souls of the dead." And when I saw the morning passing by a cemetery in the Holy Land, I saw among the graves about fifty women dressed in black and they were crying, "Oh, my child!" "Oh, my husband!" "Oh, my father!" "Oh, my mother!" Our dragoon told us that every  
woman very early for three mornings after a burial, that is, the interment of the souls of the dead, would go to the tomb and weep over it, and alighted on it, power. And that mighty symbol of pain and triumph is kept before us, will we health insipid, the and the glorified of heaven finish their doxologies: "Amen! Amen!"—that scene only to be surpassed by the times which are coming, when the churches and academies of learning and the audience of the world, no longer large enough to hold the worshippers of God, the paroxysms of the mountain sides, the great natural amphitheatres of the valleys, shall be filled with the outpouring multitude of the earth and mountain shall rise to mount, as Mount Gerizim, Mount Ebal, shall rise to the mountains, shall rejoice riches and honor and dominion, and victory to God the Lamb, and there shall arise an Amén like the boomerang of the heavens mingling with the thunder of the seas.

And on and on we ride until we have come to Shiloh, a desolate city on a hill surrounded by rocks, sheep, olive gardens and vineyards. Hero good Eli fell backward and broke his neck, and lay dead at the news from his bad boys Phineas and Hophni; and life is not worth living. One child, however, weeping the same test, and though in the theatre of Maundrell, the traveler, the well was 163 feet deep, now it is only seventy-five. So great is the curiosity of the world to know what had become of that, that during the dry season a Captain had a boat built, and went to the well, where he found the stones so close together, that he had to strip off his clothes to get through, and then he fainted away and lay at the bottom of the well as though dead, until hours after recovery he came to the surface.

It is not like other wells dug down to a fountain, but it is dug down to the water which the falling rains end to that Christ refers when speaking to the Samaritan woman about a spiritual supply, he said that he would, if asked, give her "living water." That is, water flowing spring in distinction from the water of the well which was dead, though not as deep as one's knee, very dry, though we are applying the same test, and though in the theatre of Maundrell, the traveler, the well was 163 feet deep, now it is only seventy-five. So great is the curiosity of the world to know what had become of that, that during the dry season a Captain had a boat built, and went to the well, where he found the stones so close together, that he had to strip off his clothes to get through, and then he fainted away and lay at the bottom of the well as though dead, until hours after recovery he came to the surface.

Many, many letters do I get in purpose saying: "My son is in your cities; we have no water from him for four months, we have no water to drink; he is a child of many prayers. But how can I him up unless he is in this and this? Where are you, my boy? On the main floor on the back room, or in these boxes, in the great galleries. We are poor, but we have a little way off the cold water to give you a little water if you could have water from me." I said, "I am a poor man, and I have no water to drink." Ah, Jacob was wise. He wanted his own well. Quarrels and wars might arise with other tribes and the supply of water might be cut off, so the shepherds pick-axes and boring instruments were ordered and the well of nearly four thousand years ago was sunk through the solid rock.

When Jacob thus wisely insisted on having his own well he taught us not to be unnecessarily dependent on others. Independence of moral character. Independence of moral character. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents. d-w.

Beecham's Erls'neurov'ls.

French Catarrh Vapor, a safe and permanent cure for Catarrh. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents.

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## THE SUNDAY CONSTITUTION

£2 A YEAR.

SENT TO ANY ADDRESS.

ATLANTA, GA., NOVEMBER 17, 1890.

## The Vote in Newton.

Newton county has in a primary election, where the issue was squarely made, instructed for Calhoun and against Gordon for the United States senate. If anything was needed to show how the people of Georgia stand on the senatorial race, the result of Saturday's election in Newton county would be conclusive evidence. In a county where Governor Gordon is widely known, where his kinsman, Colonel J. M. Pace, is a most prominent and beloved citizen, he is defeated in a primary election by a decisive vote.

That was a little incident; but it had its effect. The south deserves more recognition than she receives. But southern men stand back and fear to ask it.

Let the northern press take up this theme, so happily begun by The World, and give the south the rights that she deserves. It is a grateful theme, and one that will have a healthy influence upon the country.

## An Important Investigation.

The Cinchon Commercial Gazette says that some startling discoveries have been made by the subsidiary committee of the house of representatives appointed to investigate the methods of the federal court offices.

It is stated that the practice of suspending sentences prevails very generally in the southern states and the committee has reason to believe, throughout the country. In Alabama it is reported that more than half of all convictions are followed by indefinite suspensions. Sometimes forty or fifty men in a single county, at the instance of deputy marshals and commissioners, make complaints against each other for violations of the revenue laws. They are arrested and carried before commissioners, where they give bail for each other. When they are convicted their sentences are suspended, and they draw their fees as witnesses without any deductions for their fines and costs, and return home with their pockets full of money. The commissioners in many parts of the south make from \$2,000 to \$10,000 a year, and the court clerks are getting rich.

Judge Thompson, of the investigating committee, is quoted as saying that "the methods vary somewhat, according to locality, but in almost every district of the United States methods and practices are resorted to by these court officials to exact and collect illegal fees from the government, and I do not exaggerate when I say that the treasury is robbed annually of hundreds of thousands of dollars."

When the committee makes its report, one or more bills will be introduced in congress to correct the alleged lax methods and abuses now said to be prevailing in the United States courts from Maine to Texas. It is to be hoped that the reforms adopted will be uniformly and equally enforced under well-defined rules that will not admit of a careless or too liberal construction.

## What the Railroads are Doing.

The secretary of the interstate commerce commission has just issued the second annual report on statistics of railways, which will be found fuller and more interesting than ever.

It is gratifying to know that Georgia headed the list of states in railroad construction. Out of 7,357 miles of new track built this year, ending June 30, 1889, Georgia built 498.

An important feature of the report gives the gross and net earnings per mile of road, showing the different conditions under which railways are operated in the densely and sparsely settled regions. The Pennsylvania company's gross revenue—the largest in the country—is \$57,710,086, and the gross revenue per mile of track, \$23,724, is only exceeded by the \$24,609 of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad, and the \$24,900 of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western.

Of southern railroads the Louisville and Nashville with \$11,646,000 comes first, unless we may include the Southern Pacific, which, with \$83,292,582 gross earnings, is second only to the Pennsylvania company.

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Although Kennedy is now in London, Mr. Cook declares that he is still under his influence.

Naturally the case has excited great interest in San Francisco. Of course the story is not doubted. It is so exceedingly probable, so very reasonable, that no proof is required beyond Mr. Cook's statement.

## No Affidavit Needed.

About a year and a half ago Mr. Carroll Cook, a young lawyer in San Francisco, who was a notorious drinker, astonished his friends by suddenly reforming.

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## The South Stands Square.

The New York World thinks that the south is too modest, politically and otherwise; that it is disposed to stand in the background and make no claims to national pre-eminence. In the matter of the speaker of the next house, The World says:

"A leading southern journal thinks it better that no democrat from that portion of the union should be chosen speaker of the next house. 'The majority,' it says, 'will sustain its existence and its overwhelming strength in the south, and the recent campaign was not conducted on sectional lines, decided by sectional issues.' Precisely. And for this reason a sectional issue has no place in the contest for the speakership. A sectional line that is dead and buried has nothing to do with the discussion, needless say, and naturally what represents equal states with 123 representatives are barred from furnishing the best man for speaker—supposing him to live at the south—with a concession to unworthy prejudices."

This is the kind of talk that we like to hear from our brethren of the north, and it gives food for thought. Why, indeed, should the south renounce her claims to political pre-eminence? She stands equal with the north, the east and west, and has just a claim to it as they.

"A sectional issue has no place in the contest for the speakership," says The World, and we endorse that sentiment. Sectional issues have no place anywhere now, and they should be blotted out forever. The states stand equal. They are united. They work together for the victory. Why should they not share its benefits alike?

Let us make a southern man speaker of the next house if we can. The democratic states should all rejoice alike in the elevation of a southern man to that high office. If we are ever to stamp sectionalism out, this is the way to do it. Let the south have full recognition in the government of this country, and let the north respect and approve her claims, and we will get nearer that per-

fect union which we talk about than we have ever been before.

When General Roger A. Pryor was elevated to the supreme bench of New York, General Sherman—bitter partisan as he is supposed to be—congratulated him most heartily, and declared that he welcomed the onset as the death blow of sectionalism, and that none rejoiced to see it more than he.

That was a little incident; but it had its effect. The south deserves more recognition than she receives. But southern men stand back and fear to ask it.

Let the northern press take up this theme, so happily begun by The World, and give the south the rights that she deserves. It is a grateful theme, and one that will have a healthy influence upon the country.

## An Important Investigation.

The Cinchon Commercial Gazette says that some startling discoveries have been made by the subsidiary committee of the house of representatives appointed to investigate the methods of the federal court offices.

It is stated that the practice of suspending sentences prevails very generally in the southern states and the committee has reason to believe, throughout the country. In Alabama it is reported that more than half of all convictions are followed by indefinite suspensions. Sometimes forty or fifty men in a single county, at the instance of deputy marshals and commissioners, make complaints against each other for violations of the revenue laws. They are arrested and carried before commissioners, where they give bail for each other. When they are convicted their sentences are suspended, and they draw their fees as witnesses without any deductions for their fines and costs, and return home with their pockets full of money. The commissioners in many parts of the south make from \$2,000 to \$10,000 a year, and the court clerks are getting rich.

Mr. McMINNETHINKS that the people are fools. He says that they are opposed to the new tariff law because they are ignorant of the results it will bring about.

We are ahead of France in this country. We have two full-grown Boulangers—Boulangier Reed and Boulangier Foraker.

Where was Colonel Bill Dudley when the storm came?

SOME OF THE CENSUS ENUMERATORS IN NEW YORK CITY WERE THIEVES well known to the police.

Will Mr. HARRISON be a candidate for renomination? His mind is just broad enough to harbor the idea that he can be re-elected.

BILL CHANDLER is engaged in his old business of trying to swindle the people out of an election. His game is carried on in New Hampshire, where he is well known.

REED'S ELECTION SHOULD be investigated. If voters were bribed or importuned, he should be held up as a horrid example.

HAS QUAY'S RESIGNATION been sent to the editorial office?

**EDITORIAL COMMENT.**

HENRY M. STANLEY has not forgotten his journalistic training. His letters, books, interviews and lectures all show the genius of a newspaper man of the highest order of talent. Few men of action have equalled him in his mastery of the pen.

EX-GOVERNOR FITZHUGH LEE is now general manager of the company that is building the new city of Glasgow, at the confluence of the upper James and North rivers in Virginia. He has secured for the town iron industries capitalized at \$2,000,000, and is determined to make the place a great iron center.

THE REPORT of the police department of the District of Columbia states that last year over 3,500 citizens were taken up for intoxication and disorderly conduct. The report also states that the arrests for drunkenness were 1,000 less than for disorderly conduct.

MARK TWAIN is not always in good humor. Recently he charged a street car conductor with insinuating him, and caused the man's discharge. The conductor explained that when the alleged insult was given, he was having an altercation with a drunken passenger. Twain pushed the master and made the poor fellow lose his job.

JAMES W. HOLDER, a banker at Chenoa, Ill., recently disappeared for ten days. When he returned he explained that he had been unconscious all the time, and had no knowledge of where he had been. He had the appearance of a man recovering from a long illness.

AN IMPORTANT feature of the report gives the gross and net earnings per mile of road, showing the different conditions under which railways are operated in the densely and sparsely settled regions. The Pennsylvania company's gross revenue—the largest in the country—is \$57,710,086, and the gross revenue per mile of track, \$23,724, is only exceeded by the \$24,609 of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad, and the \$24,900 of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western.

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MR. C. A. ALFORD, of Willingham, while fighting fire in the woods recently, was bitten on the wrist by a ground rattlesnake. The bite was very painful, but he recovered. The weather has been so mild throughout Georgia that snakes are as numerous now as they were in the summer—especially rattlesnakes.

—Perhaps the quickest arrest, trial and conviction on record occurred in Georgia recently. Charles Leek shot and killed Holden Blue, in Brooks county, near Quitman. He was tried and sentenced to the penitentiary for life, the whole trial occupying only five days.

—As an evidence of the progress made in Georgia in Georgia since the time of Terence Higgins, the editor of the Atlanta Constitution, made last year sixteen barrels of good wine from one acre, all of which he sold at \$1.25 per gallon—equal to cash.

—We average 500,000 barrels of good wine from the south to many laudable ends, especially for the export market.

—We have many pecan trees three or four years old, as well as a number of English walnut trees, all doing nicely.

—The time is at hand for the healthy piney-woods soil of the south to yield many laurels, especially for fine barrels of wine.

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## WOMAN'S DAY.

THE ATLANTA CHURCHES YES-TERDAY.

Party Pulpits Occupied by Different Members of the N. W. C. T. U. During the Day and Night Services.

Woman's day in the Atlanta churches regular.

Something never before witnessed in the city.

And something that may never occur again. It was such an unusual thing that the majority of women occupying the pulpits attracted large congregations in the various houses of worship where they were announced to speak.

In some churches two and three services were held, and at Trinity, both the auditorium and basement were filled at the afternoon service.

At Trinity the morning service was conducted by Miss Elizabeth W. Greenwood, the great Bible reader, of Brooklyn, and the immense audience that packed the house went away well pleased with the beautiful service.

The annual sermon by Mrs. Rounds, who listened to with deep interest by a large audience in the afternoon, and in the lecture room Mrs. Green and Mrs. Rice conducted a very interesting children's service, which was attended by a large number of children.

The services in other churches were very interesting throughout the city.

At the Opera House.  
The crowning event of the day were the exercises at DeGivé's opera house in the afternoon.

Miss Frances E. Willard opened the services with a beautiful and touching address on woman and home, and there was not standing room in the building when she began.

Following her Mrs. Ellis, state president of Illinois, delivered an interesting address on moral and religious influences as connected with the great temperance crusade.

"Mother" Zerelda B. Wallace came next, and her address was a straightforward plea for woman suffrage.

She began with an appeal for temperance and social purity. "Where one dies from the effects of intemperance, seven die from the effects of social impurity," she said.

Then came her argument, in which she said that the women want to do their share in the world.

The place of power is in the ballot box, and the key to the solution of these problems lies not in the material or iron nerve, but in the moral and spiritual influence in the hands of women at the ballot box.

As it stands now, we went on to say, the nation is in partnership with crime, and the solution that the nineteenth century has reached is license.

They have given their petitions, but men are not brave enough or free enough to allow this oligarchy.

She wanted men to restate to women their birthright by giving them the potent ballot. This is not a free government where people are subject to taxation without representation, which is rank tyranny.

She claimed that the women had a right to the ballot as their prerogative, and enforced her argument by showing what a large percentage of the votes of the city of Boston are cast by women.

She said that women can't fight is a fallacy, she said, and fortified the assertion with numerous illustrations.

Miss Blair and Miss Green delighted the children with their "chalkwork" blackboard lessons in the lecture room of Trinity yesterday.

A sum sum has been raised for the temple through mite boxes already since the convention opened. Among other contributions paid in direct are: Master Crawford Heard, 10 cents; Mrs. H. T. Heard, 25 cents; Mrs. Ranger, 25 cents; Mr. H. T. Heard, 50 cents; Dr. J. H. McGuire, 25 cents; Thomas H. Parker, 25 cents; Mr. M. L. Parker, 25 cents; Dr. Mackay, 30 cents; Robert Mitchell, \$2; W. H. Pharr, 25 cents; Mrs. Warner, 25 cents; Mr. Ranger, 50 cents. Total, \$5.20.

The name of Judge Howard Van Epps without the amount of his contribution to the entertainment fund appeared yesterday. The sum was \$5.

Mrs. J. C. Batach, of Ohio, is with Mrs. M. J. Duncan, 146 South Pryor streets. Mrs. Batach is national superintendent of Sabbath observance, and has during the year travelled much in the southern states and territories, and given nearly three hundred lectures in the interest of her department. She will very likely spend the winter among the southern states speaking for the civil rights cause.

The business of the convention will begin again at 9 o'clock this morning at Trinity, and the bulk of it will be disposed of during the day.

So far Mrs. Ellen Foster and her husband, of Washington, D. C., have failed to materialize.

At the Third Baptist church, on Jones avenue, a large congregation greeted a magnificent speaker last night in the person of Mrs. Susan S. Fessenden, of Boston, Mass.

Her address was highly appreciated, the vast audience testifying her a vote of thanks and an expression of sympathy for her stand and cause of prohibition.

She did all drink that she could not drink, for the sake of that spiritual rock which followed her, and that rock was Christ.

Referring to the convention of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, she briefly sketched the origin of this great organization in the crusade of seven years ago, and then proceeded to show, by many examples drawn from her long and varied experience, the great truth that Christ is the rock upon which all true reform is based, as well as all Christian hope, and that in Him is found the inspiration of all Christian effort.

She also spoke of the spring of all true and noble living. Her personal appeals to the young people of her audience were most impressive, and the whole tone of her address, which was listened to with the closest attention, was elevated and inspiring. All fell silent in admiration in this address of a consecrated soul.

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**EVENTS IN SOCIETY,**  
WHICH WILL INTEREST THOSE WHO  
ARE IN THE SWIM.

The Nine O'clock German Club to Open Their Season on the 21st—A Dance in Edgewood Tuesday.

The Nine O'clock German Club will open their season on Friday evening, November 21st, at the Kimball with a ball. This to me guests who have come to an event looked forward with great interest, and each will vie with the other in trying to dress most appropriately for the occasion.

The favors will be very handsome and a champagne supper will be served; in fact, the entertainment will no doubt be the most elaborate and gayest of the year.

This club is the oldest in the city. Success has crowned their efforts to give enjoyable entertainments ever since organization, and now the membership is larger than it has been at any previous era in the club's existence.

Governor and Mrs. Nathan will receive the members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union this afternoon at the executive mansion from 5 to 6 o'clock. The members of the local union are expected to be present also.

Governor and Mrs. Nathan will be at home to the members of the National Grange this afternoon, too, from 5:30 to 6 o'clock.

Initations are out for a dance at the M. P. M., A., in Edgewood Friday evening, the 21st. The chaperones will be Senator and Mrs. Alfred H. Colquitt, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Hightower, Colonel and Mrs. W. H. Huiey, and Professor and Mrs. Charles M. Neel. It will be given in a most inviting style.

Mrs. J. Pierpont Flanders and her beautiful and accomplished daughter, Nellie, of Macon, are on a visit to their cousin, Mrs. C. A. Shulman, at 34 Irwin street.

Mrs. Chess Howard and Mrs. Frank Logan have returned from a visit to Augusta.

There was quite an interesting meeting of the Hapeville Literary Society last Thursday night, at "The Oak," residence of Dr. Doyle and Mrs. Mason. The programme was "Evening with Washington Irving"; the papers before read by Miss Belle Hape, Miss Willie Mason and Mr. J. M. Gaston.

Mr. W. C. Love rendered a humorous recitation, and Misses Ella Doyle and Mamie Young also entertained the members with a beautiful recitation, in which the former accompanied the latter on the piano.

The club is to meet next time at the residence of Mr. W. C. Betts, when Oliver Wendell Holmes, the author of the evening, will be discussed by Misses Florence Doyle, Mr. and Mrs. Martin and others. It is thought that the club will also have several visitors from Atlanta, who will contribute music, thus adding greatly to the enjoyment of the occasion.

Mr. Charles W. Kay, of the Steel Chamber Company, has just returned from a six weeks' trip in the north and west. On the route he visited the cities of Louisville, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and Washington. It is the first time Mr. Kay has left business in some years, and he has spent much time in the country. He has also spent some time with his brother, and all along the route he met friends. In Washington his trip was cut short by an attack of bronchitis which confined him to his room for some days, and he has not yet entirely recovered.

Mr. Kay has been missed, especially at his accustomed place in the choir of the Second Baptist church, and the congregation will be glad to hear his rich baritone voice again.

TOCCOA, Ga., November 16.—[Special.]—Nothing in the annals of society history of Toccoa has ever exceeded the "donkey party" given Friday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Simpson, in honor of their son, Miss Florence Burgess, a charming young lady of exceptional beauty. Only a few couples were favored with invitations. They were all promptly on hand, and a most enjoyable evening was spent.

The veranda was beautifully decorated with Chinese lanterns, while the parlor and dining rooms were literally strewed with flowers. The menu of the entertainment was donkey dinner, a picture of conviviality. A talented young artist, Mr. Frank Green, and suspended from the wall, was a donkey, full and complete, except a tail. This useful appendage was absent. Each person present was given an opportunity to remedy this evil by pinning a tail on, while blindfolded. This is what they did, and began to play put, talk all over the poor brutes. Mr. and Mrs. Simpson, however, had a booby prize, which was a huge ginger cake. He put the tail right above the animal's head. Mr. S. A. McAllister succeeded in getting one right when it belonged; so did Miss Marion Craig, Miss Craig was awarded a nice cup and saucer, Mr. McAllister a handsome bound book.

Then after a sumptuous repast each member of the jolly little party bade their estimable host and hostess good night, and repaired to their several homes.

Fits, spasms, St. Vitus dance, hysteria, headache, neuralgia and nervous prostration cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Free samples at drugists, by mail 10c. MILES MED. CO., ELKHART, IND.

**CHRISTMAS IS COMING.**

So Are All, or Nearly All, of the Ladies to Our Store.

If you want a fruit cake that is a veritable fruit cake, and not a sponge cake, why not please the Christmas palate in the time when we can see our citron, our currants, our raisins, shelled almonds, figs, etc. Our citrus runs large, clear and fancy, and is the finest quality in Atlanta. Our currants are Vostizza's, the largest, clearest and cost two and one-half cents per pound higher, but we will sell them at the same low price of half a cent.

Our shelled almonds are the finest, cleanest and are used largely by our best patrons. Our figs are extra selected, brown, and twice as large as those sold by other houses.

Come and see them, and when advising your friends where to go to get ingredients for their Christmas puddings, remember us, and see our citron, our currants, our raisins, shelled almonds, figs, etc. Our citrus runs large, clear and fancy, and is the finest quality in Atlanta. Our currants are Vostizza's, the largest, clearest and cost two and one-half cents per pound higher, but we will sell them at the same low price of half a cent.

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You make no mistake if you occasionally give your children Dr. Miles' Worm Destroyer. It is a nice candy and while it never does harm it sometimes does a world of good.

**Lines of the Celebrated Thirteenth Regimental Band.**

Will reproduce his great and unique solo "Hymn in the Cradle of the Deep." Thirteenth Regimental Band accompanying, on the Edison Automatic Phonograph, at Beermans & Silverman's, today and tomorrow.

Georgia Bromine-Lithia water for insomnia.

**PERSONAL.**

C. J. DANIEL, wall paper, window shades and furniture, 42 Marietta Street, Telephone 77.

J. T. TAYLOR, architect, removed to 16th Street, 42½ Whitehall, November 1st.

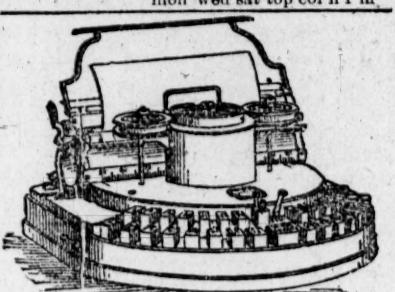
DR. E. G. THOMAS, dentist, 55½ Whitehall st., over Rich Bros. November 4th.

SHERIFF R. E. OVERBY, of Oconee county, was in the city yesterday, mingling with his many

**TRIFLING WITH HEALTH.**

Most people consider ailments, like Hoarseness, Cough, Sore Throat, etc., not worth their while to look after, and they ought to pass away without any further notice being taken of them. This neglect is very often the cause of severe and protracted sickness, which undermines the constitution of the patient and his general happiness. Use Soden Mineral Pastilles (Troches) in time. They will effectively eradicate all the above diseases. Dr. Moreau B. Brown writes (Southern Medical World, June, 1880): "I have used the Soden Mineral Pastilles in the Chicago Policlinic, and find the results very satisfactory in Pharyngitis as well as in chronic Catarrhal conditions of the upper air passages." The Soden Mineral Pastilles never fail to cure diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Obtain the genuine article only, which must have the signature and recommendation of Sir Morrell Mackenzie with each box.

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**HAMMOND TYPEWRITER**

Is now made with Two Keyboards.  
Its Leading Points:

Perfect Alignment.  
Interchangeable Type.  
Uniform Impression.  
Durability.  
Can Use Any Width Paper.

**J. H. NUNNALLY,**  
General Agent,  
36 Whitehall St.

oct 24-d 2d r m

**THE GEORGIA RAILROAD,**  
(GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY)  
OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER,

AUGUSTA, Ga., September 24th, 1890.

Commencing 21st instant the following passenger schedule will be observed:

No. 27 WEST—DAILY.

Leave Augusta..... 7:45 a.m.

Arrive Columbus..... 9:12 a.m.

Leave Macon..... 5:53 a.m.

Leave Athens..... 8:23 a.m.

Leave Gainesville..... 5:55 a.m.

Arrive Atlanta..... 1:00 p.m.

No. 28 EAST—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta..... 7:20 a.m.

Arrive Gainesville..... 5:53 a.m.

Arrive Athens..... 7:05 p.m.

Arrive Washington..... 7:20 p.m.

Arrive Atlanta..... 6:24 p.m.

Arrive Augusta..... 3:15 p.m. At Arct. Atcts..... 3:45 p.m.

DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

No. 2 EAST—DAILY. No. 1 WEST—DAILY.

Leave Augusta..... 8:09 a.m. in Lv. Augusta..... 11:05 a.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 8:15 p.m. in Lv. Washington..... 11:10 a.m.

Arrive Washington..... 8:40 a.m.

Arrive Atlanta..... 8:25 p.m.

Arrive Augusta..... 8:30 p.m.

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

No. 4 EAST DAILY. No. 3 WEST—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta..... 11:15 p.m. Lv. Augusta..... 11:00 p.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 6:35 a.m. At Arct. Atcts..... 6:30 a.m.

DECATER TRAIN—DAILY except Sunday.

Leave Atlanta..... 8:55 a.m. in Lv. Decatur..... 9:45 a.m.

Arr. Decatur..... 9:45 a.m. in Lv. Decatur..... 10:45 a.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 4:25 p.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 4:30 p.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 5:00 p.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 5:45 p.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 6:20 a.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 6:45 a.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 7:00 a.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 7:45 a.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 8:00 a.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 8:30 a.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 9:00 a.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 9:45 a.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 10:00 a.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 10:45 a.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 11:00 a.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 12:00 noon.

Arr. Atlanta..... 1:00 p.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 1:45 p.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 2:00 p.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 2:30 p.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 3:00 p.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 3:45 p.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 4:00 p.m.

Arr. Gainesville..... 4:50 p.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 5:00 p.m.

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Arr. Gainesville..... 5:45 a.m.

Arr. Atlanta..... 6:00 a.m.

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**RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.**  
PURCHASE BY THE E. T. OF THE  
C. & C. ROAD DENIED.

General Information of General, Special  
and Personal Interest to Railroad  
Men All Over the Country.

And now comes the announcement that the Georgia Pacific has secured control of the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus road. The Chattanooga first emanated the report that the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia was the purchaser, and the Times, of that city, still sticks to it that, although the Georgia Pacific was the real purchaser of the original road, the former is controlled by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia, and that the purchase was made in the interest of the latter road.

"It is all staff and nonsense," said an official of the East Tennessee yesterday. "We are on a good footing for southern freight, and the purchase of the road would only tend to destroy our amicable relations with the Louisville and Nashville, our chief, and really only competitor. Besides we don't want the road anyway. The railroad is poor and the equipment general is most unproductive country, and the purchase of it by us would only throw so much dead stock on our hands."

The losses of the Western and Atlantic railroad are enjoying a season of remarkable prosperity in both passenger and freight traffic. Because of the excellent condition of the track, motive power and rolling stock under the personal management of General Manager R. A. Anderson, and Traffic Manager Joseph M. Brown, the Western and Atlantic is enabled to promptly handle the great business during the long months of the year when least busy upon it. Indeed will the new lessee succeed to a magnificent property and admirably organized traffic as the holidays draw to a close next December.

A Cincinnati dispatch says that Mr. Charles Schiff has resigned as President. Samuel Thomas his resignation as vice president of the Cincinnati Southern to take effect at once. Private affairs were alleged as the cause of Schiff's declination to serve, though the true cause, perhaps, is the failure of the Price-Thomas to live up to the obligations of the rail road according to the previous promise.

Schiff will continue to serve as president of the Queen and Crescent roads, as well as retain a directorship in the Cincinnati Southern. He will, it is declared, direct the affairs of the Atlanta and West Point, and the Atlanta and Vicksburg. On the heels of this announcement comes a report that Henry Fick will at once become general manager of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia and Queen and Crescent systems. However, the latter report has been denied in toto.

The Burlington announces the opening day of a new through line from Chicago to San Francisco. The service will be double daily and runs from Denver over both the Colorado and Midland, and then down the Rio Grande to Grand Junction, and then by the Rio Grande Western to Ogden. It is claimed the service will be the best in existence. General Passenger Agent Eustis says the new route will get its share of all California business.

The friends of the Charleston and Savannah announce the fact that on Sunday an additional train will be put on that line between Charleston and Augusta connecting with the Georgia railroad for Atlanta and Fort Royal and Western Carolinas. This will have Charleston at 12 o'clock at night, arrive in Augusta at 7 o'clock in the morning and make the connection so as to reach Atlanta at 1 o'clock p.m. The same train, running over Atlanta and 2 o'clock leaves Augusta 9:30 a.m., and arrives at Charleston at 7:30 a.m.; leaves upper Carolina points during the day, connecting at Augusta.

The Charleston and Savannah railroad, proposed by J. E. Wren and a company of gentlemen, which is to run from Chattanooga to Sequatchie valley, causes the greatest talk among railroaders. The projected railroad, if it ever materializes, will cut off a great many miles between Chattanooga and the Little valley, and consequently will be a great rival to the Nashville and Chattanooga.

The friends of JOSHUA TYE announce him as a candidate for councilman from the first ward, subject to the primary November 21st.

A large number of taxpayers in the second ward, and a great many of his friends throughout the city, announce the name of MR. GORDON NOEL HUTTEL for the council from the second ward, subject to the primary.

SECOND WARD.—The friends of WILLIAM A. HANSELL announce him as a candidate for council from the second ward, subject to the action of the city executive committee.

DR. BOWES & CO.

